



LM10075

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ISSUED DATE : 2011, Feb.4th	SPECIFICATIONS	

DEVICE SPECIFICATIONS FOR

TFT-LCD module

MODEL No.PN-MG605

CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL

DATE _____

BY _____

PRESENTED

BY Kenji Tanaka

Engineering Department I





1. Application

This specifications applies to the color 60.0" TFT-LCD module PN-MG605.

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2. Overview

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (Thin Film Transistor). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit and LED back light system etc. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a 1366×RGB×768 dots panel with about 16.77 million colors by using 8bit LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) to interface and +12V of DC supply voltages.

And in order to improve the response time of LCD, this LCD module applies the Over Shoot driving (O/S driving) technology for the control circuit. In the O/S driving technology, signals are being applied to the Liquid Crystal according to a pre-fixed process as an image signal of the present frame when a difference is found between image signal of the previous frame and that of the current frame after comparing them.

With this technology, image signals can be set so that liquid crystal response completes within one frame. As a result, motion blur reduces and clearer display performance can be realized.



3. Mechanical Specifications

Parameter	Specifications	Unit
Display size	152.439(Diagonal)	cm
	60.0 (Diagonal)	inch
Active area	1328.7765 (H)×747.072 (V)	mm
Pixel format	1366 (H)×768 (V) (1 pixel=R+G+B dots)	pixel
Pixel pitch	0.97275 (H)×0.97275 (V)	mm
Pixel configuration	R, G, B vertical stripe	
Display mode	Normally black	
Unit outline dimensions (*1)	1335.9 (W)×754.2 (H)×104.2 (D)	mm
Weight	$\triangle_3$ 28.2±2.0	kg
Surface treatment	LR coating Hard coating: 2H and more	

(*1)Outline dimensions are shown in Fig.3



4. Input Terminals

4-1. TFT-LCD panel driving

CN1 (Interface signals)

Using connectors : FX16S-41S-0.5SH (HIROSE)
Mating connectors : FX16M1-41P-HC (HIROSE)

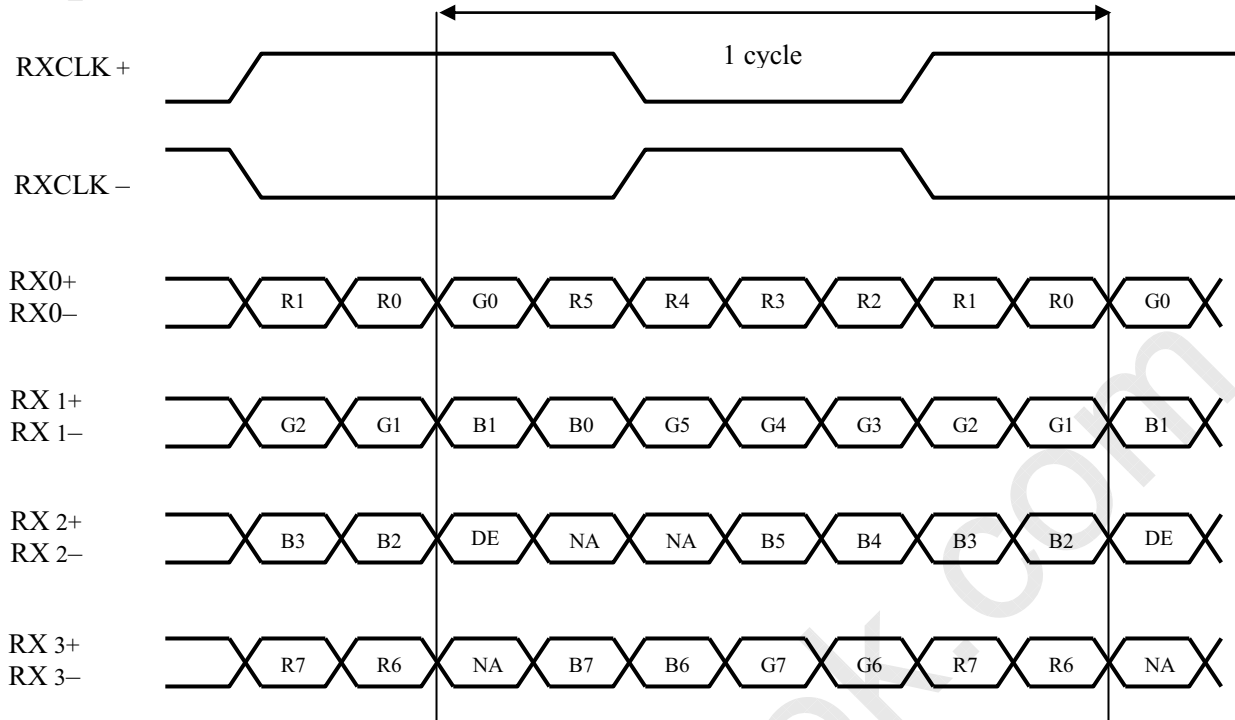
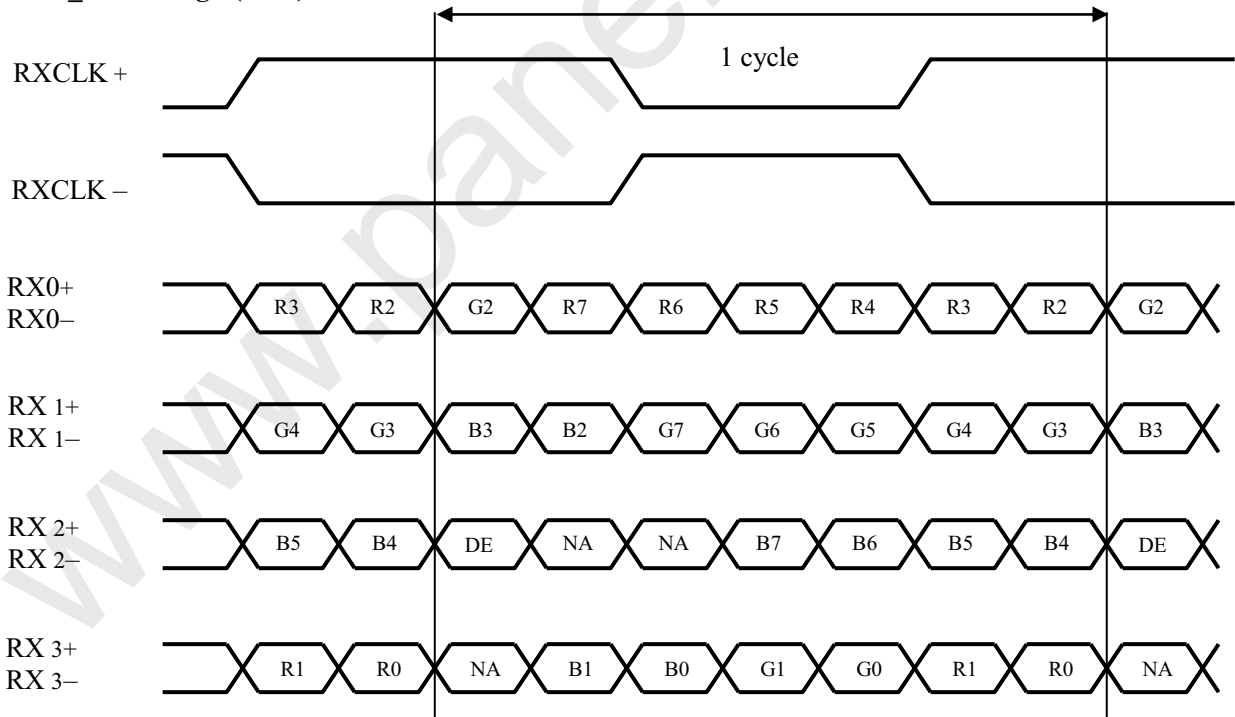
Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remark
1	Reserved	-	Must be OPEN
2	Reserved	-	Must be OPEN
3	Reserved	-	Must be OPEN
4	Reserved	-	Must be OPEN
5	GND	GND	
6	GND	GND	
7	GND	GND	
8	GND	GND	
9	LVDS_SEL	Select LVDS data order [Note 1]	Pull Up : (+3.3V)
10	Reserved	-	Must be OPEN
11	GND	GND	
12	RX0-	LVDS CH0 differential data input(-)	
13	RX0+	LVDS CH0 differential data input(+)	
14	GND	GND	
15	RX1-	LVDS CH1 differential data input(-)	
16	RX1+	LVDS CH1 differential data input(+)	
17	GND	GND	
18	RX2-	LVDS CH2 differential data input(-)	
19	RX2+	LVDS CH2 differential data input(+)	
20	GND	GND	
21	RXCLK-	LVDS Clock input(-)	
22	RXCLK+	LVDS Clock input(+)	
23	GND	GND	
24	RX3-	LVDS CH3 differential data input(-)	
25	RX3+	LVDS CH3 differential data input(+)	
26	GND	GND	
27	Reserved	-	Must be OPEN
28	Reserved	-	Must be OPEN
29	GND	GND	
30	Reserved	-	Must be OPEN
31	Reserved	-	Must be OPEN
32	Reserved	-	Must be OPEN
33	GND	GND	
34	GND	GND	
35	GND	GND	
36	GND	GND	
37	GND	GND	
38	Reserved	-	Must be OPEN
39	Reserved	-	Must be OPEN
40	Reserved	-	Must be OPEN
41	Reserved	-	Must be OPEN

[Note 1] LVDS Data order

LVDS_SEL		
Data	L(GND) [VESA]	H(3.3V) or Open [JEIDA]
TA0	R0(LSB)	R2
TA1	R1	R3
TA2	R2	R4
TA3	R3	R5
TA4	R4	R6
TA5	R5	R7(MSB)
TA6	G0(LSB)	G2
TB0	G1	G3
TB1	G2	G4
TB2	G3	G5
TB3	G4	G6
TB4	G5	G7(MSB)
TB5	B0(LSB)	B2
TB6	B1	B3
TC0	B2	B4
TC1	B3	B5
TC2	B4	B6
TC3	B5	B7(MSB)
TC4	NA	NA
TC5	NA	NA
TC6	DE(*)	DE(*)
TD0	R6	R0
TD1	R7	R1
TD2	G6	G0
TD3	G7	G1
TD4	B6	B0
TD5	B7	B1
TD6	NA	NA

NA: Not Available

(*)Since the display position is prescribed by the rise of DE(Display Enable)signal, please do not fix DE signal during operation at "High".

LVDS_SEL = Low (GND)**LVDS_SEL = High (3.3V) or OPEN**

DE: Display Enable, NA: Not Available (Fixed Low)

CN2 (+12V DC power supply)

Using connectors : SM05B-PASS (JST)

Mating connectors : PAP-05V-S (JST)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remark
1	VCC	+12V Power Supply	
2	VCC	+12V Power Supply	
3	GND	GND	
4	GND	GND	
5	NC		

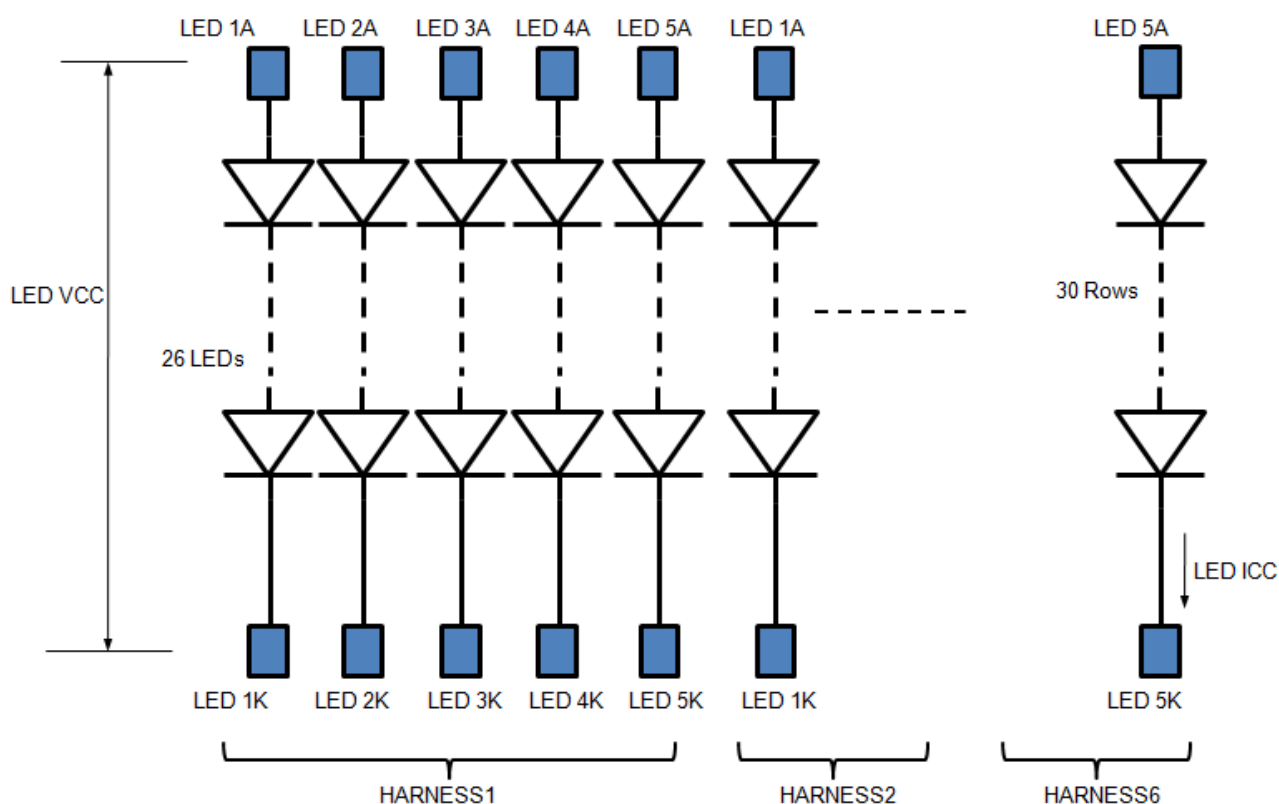
LED HARNESS1 - 6 (LED Power supply)

Using connectors : 51284-1000 or 51284-1001 (MOLEX)

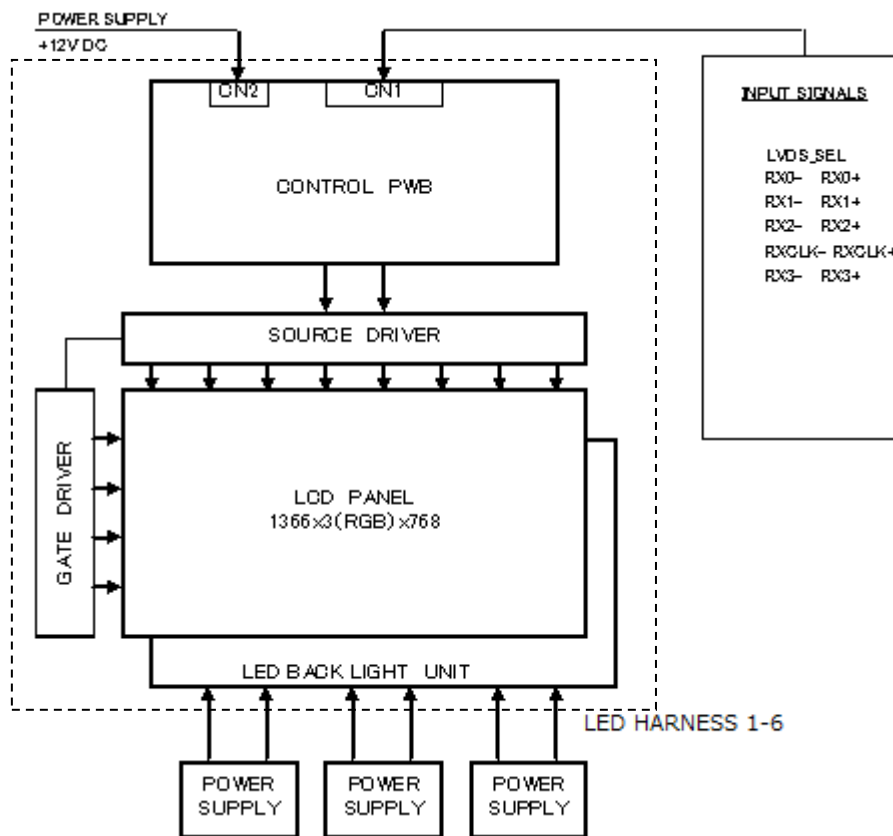
Mating connectors : 55883-1090 or 55883-1091 (MOLEX)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remark
1	LED 1A	LED Anode1	
2	LED 2A	LED Anode2	
3	LED 3A	LED Anode3	
4	LED 4A	LED Anode4	
5	LED 5A	LED Anode5	
6	LED 1K	LED Cathode1	
7	LED 2K	LED Cathode2	
8	LED 3K	LED Cathode3	
9	LED 4K	LED Cathode4	
10	LED 5K	LED Cathode5	

LED BACK LIGHT Diagram



4-2. Interface block diagram



4.3. The back light system characteristics

The back light system is direct type with 780 LEDs.

The characteristics of the LED are shown in the following table.

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Life time	T_L	—	(37000)	—	Hour	[NOTE]

[NOTE]

- LED life time is defined as the time when brightness become 70% of the original value in the continuous Operation under the condition of $T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$

5. Absolute Maximum Rating

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Ratings	Unit	Remark
Input Voltage (for Control)	V_I	$T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-0.3 ~ 3.6	V	[NOTE1]
12V supply voltage (for Control)	VCC	$T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	0 ~ 14	V	
Forward current (for LED)	I_F	$T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	80	mA	$T_c \leq 74.1^{\circ}\text{C}$
Reverse voltage (for LED)	V_R	$T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	130	V	Maximum 5V for each LED
Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-25 ~ 60	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	
Operation temperature (Ambient)	T_{opa}		0 ~ 50	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	[NOTE2]
LED terminal temperature	T_c		0 ~ 80	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	[NOTE3], [NOTE4]
 LCD surface temperature	T_{sfc}		0 ~ 60	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	[NOTE4]

[NOTE1] LVDS_SEL

[NOTE2] Humidity 95% RH Max ($T_a \leq 40^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Maximum wet-bulb temperature should be less than 40°C . ($T_a > 40^{\circ}\text{C}$)

No condensation.

 [NOTE3] LED terminal temperature should be measured on the LED PWBs.

[NOTE4] T_c and T_{sfc} in operation must be in the above range on any condition.

6. Electrical Characteristics

6.1 Control driving

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max	Unit	Remark
+12V supply voltage	Supply voltage	VCC	11.4	12.0	12.6	V	
	Current dissipation	ICC		(1)		A	
Permissible input ripple voltage		V_{RP}	—	—	100	mV	
Differential input threshold voltage	High	V_{TH}	1.3	—	1.8	V	[NOTE2]
	Low	V_{TL}	0.6	—	1.1	V	
Differential input leak current		I_{Iz}	-10		+10	μA	
Input Low voltage		V_{IL}	—	—	1.0	V	[NOTE1]
Input High voltage		V_{IH}	2.5	—	3.3	V	
Input leak current (Low)		I_{IL1}	—	—	400	μA	$V_I=0\text{V}$ [NOTE1]
Input leak current (High)		I_{IH1}	—	—	TBD	μA	$V_I=3.3\text{V}$ [NOTE1]
Terminal resistor		R_T	—	100	—	Ω	

[NOTE 1] LVDS_SEL(10k Ω pull-up)

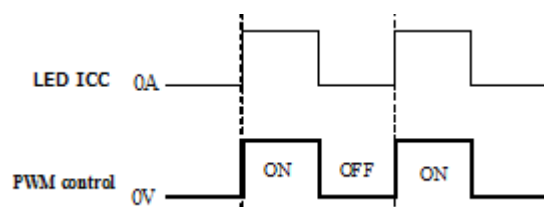
[NOTE 2] RXCLK $\pm$, RX0 $\pm$, RX1 $\pm$, RX2 $\pm$, RX3 $\pm$

6.2 LED driving

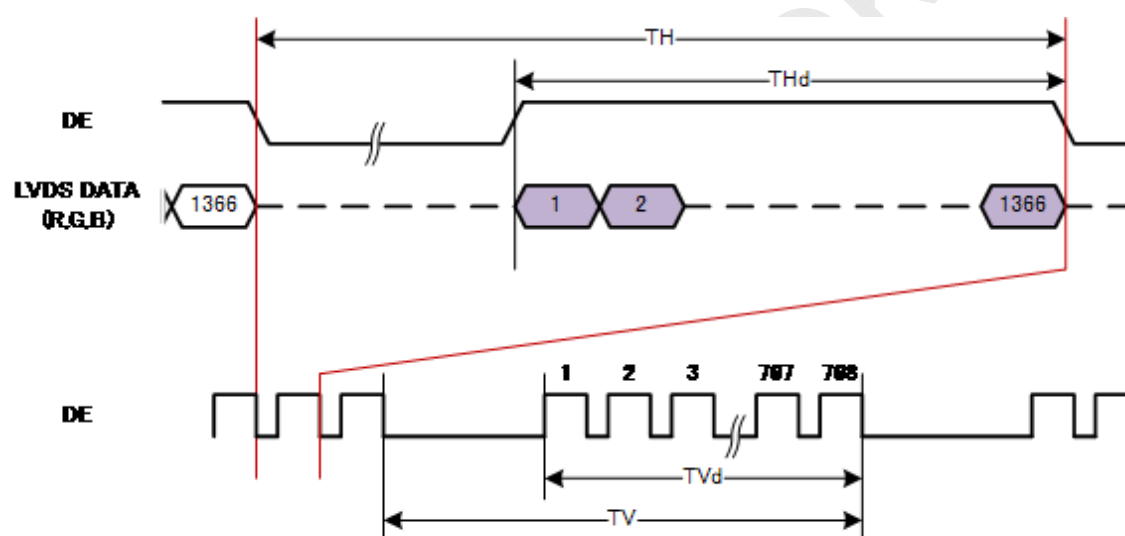
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max	Unit	Remark
Input voltage	LED VCC		(252.2)		V	LED ICC=45mA [NOTE]
Input current	LED ICC		(45)	60	mA	Each pin of LED HARNESS1 - 6

[NOTE 1] Measurement after 100ms has passed since power supply was turned on.

[NOTE 2] LED Brightness should be controlled by PWM method as shown below.



6.3 Timing characteristics of input signals



Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	单位	備考
Clock	Frequency	1/Tc	83		MHz	
Data Enable	Horizontal period	TH	1696		clock	
	Horizontal period (High)	THd	20.43		μ sec	
	Vertical period	TV	1366		clock	
	Vertical period (High)	TVd	806		line	

Fig.1 Timing characteristics of input signals

7. Optical characteristics

Ta=25°C, VCC=12.0V, LED ICC=45mA, LED PWM Burst= 99.97% , Timing :60Hz (typ.value)

Parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Contrast ratio		CRn	$\theta=0^\circ$		2400		—	[NOTE2,4]
Luminance of white		x	$\theta=0^\circ$		0.292			[NOTE4]
		y			0.307			
Luminance of red		x			0.656			
		y			0.337			
Luminance of green		x			0.306			
		y			0.641			
Luminance of blue		x			0.152			
		y			0.065			
Viewing angle range	Horizontal	θ_{21}, θ_{22}	CR>10		88		deg	[NOTE1,4]
	Vertical	θ_{11}, θ_{12}			88		deg	
Luminance		Y_L	White $\theta=0^\circ$		(700)		cd/m ²	
Luminance uniformity		δw			(1.25)			[NOTE6]
Response time		τ	$\theta=0^\circ$		6		ms	[NOTE3,4,5]

Measurement condition : Set the LED PWM Burst to maximum

The measurement shall be executed 60 minutes after lighting at rating.

[Note]The optical characteristics are measured using the following equipment.

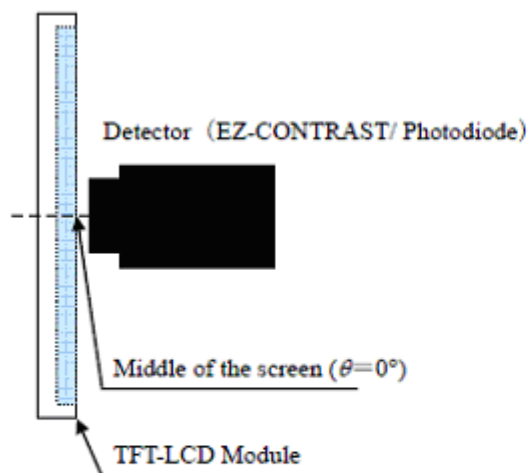


Fig.4-1 Measurement of viewing angle range and Response time.

Viewing angle range: EZ-CONTRAST
Response time: Photodiode

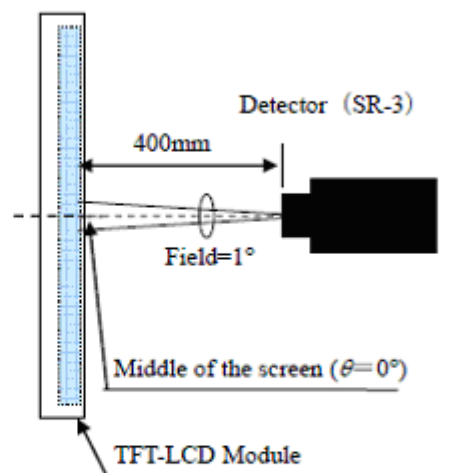
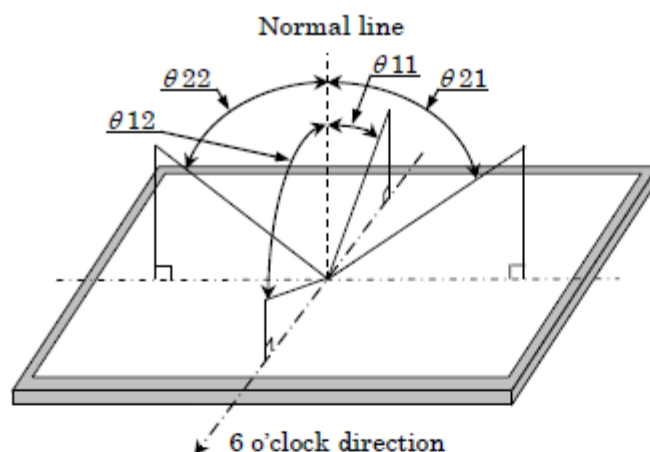


Fig.4-2 Measurement of Contrast, Luminance, Chromaticity.

[Note 1] Definitions of viewing angle range :



[Note 2] Definition of contrast ratio :

The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

$$\text{Contrast Ratio} = \frac{\text{Luminance (brightness) with all pixels white}}{\text{Luminance (brightness) with all pixels black}}$$

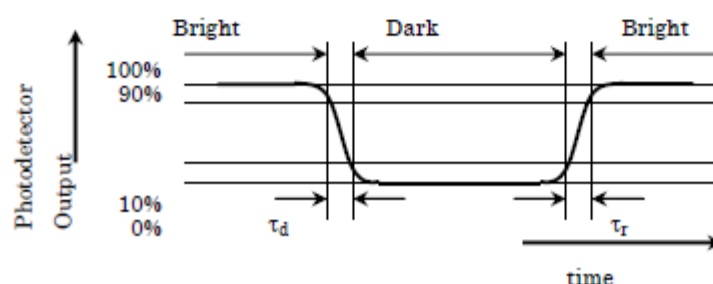
[Note 3] Definition of response time

The response time (τ_d and τ_r) is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for “any level of gray (0%, 25%, 50%, 75% and 100%)” and “any level of gray (0%, 25%, 50%, 75% and 100%)”.

	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
0%		tr:0%-25%	tr:0%-50%	tr:0%-75%	tr:0%-100%
25%	td: 25%-0%		tr: 25%-50%	tr:25%-75%	tr: 25%-100%
50%	td: 50%-0%	td: 50%-25%		tr: 50%-75%	tr: 50%-100%
75%	td: 75%-0%	td: 75%-25%	td: 75%-50%		tr: 75%-100%
100%	td: 100%-0%	td: 100%-25%	td: 100%-50%	td:100%-75%	

$t^*:x-y$...response time from level of gray(x) to level of gray(y)

$\tau_r = \Sigma(tr:x-y)/10$, $\tau_d = \Sigma(td:x-y)/10$



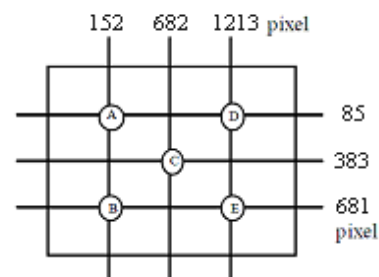
[Note 4] This shall be measured at center of the screen.

[Note 5] This value is valid when O/S driving is used at typical input time value.

[Note 6] Definition of white uniformity ;

White uniformity is defined as the following with five measurements. (A~E)

$$\delta w = \frac{\text{Maximum luminance of five points (brightness)}}{\text{Minimum luminance of five points (brightness)}}$$



8. Handling Precautions of the LCD module

- a) Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
- b) Be sure to design the cabinet so that the LCD module can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
- c) Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it.
- d) Since long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots, wipe off water drop immediately.
- e) When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth.
- f) Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Handle with care.
- g) Since CMOS LSI is used in this LCD module, take care of static electricity and take the human earth into consideration when handling.
- h) The LCD module has some printed circuit boards (PCBs) on the back side, take care to keep them from any stressor pressure when handling or installing the module; otherwise some of electronic parts on the PCBs may be damaged.
- i) Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling components.
- j) When some pressure is added onto the module from rear side constantly, it causes display non-uniformity issue, functional defect, etc.. So, please avoid such design.
- k) When giving a touch or hit the panel in supplying power, it may cause some kinds of degradation. In that case, once turn off the power supply, and turn on after several seconds again, and that is disappear.
- l) When handling LCD modules or assembling them into cabinets, please be noted that long-term storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas and the use of such materials as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the LCD modules.
- m) Make sure that the LCD module is operated within specified temperature and humidity. Measures to avoid dust, water, vibration, and heat radiation, etc. are required with cabinet or other way. And image retention may occur if same fixed pattern is displayed for a long time. In some cases, it may not disappear.
Please consider the design and operating environment

9. Packing form

a) Quantity of carton which has one LCD Module on one pallet: 2 cartons

b) Piling number of pallet: 2 maximum

c) Pallet size: 1580 (W) × 765 (D) × 1087(H) mm

Carton size: 1580 (W) × 381 (D) × 932(H) mm

△₃

d) Pallet gross weight : approximately 93.4 kg

△₃

Carton gross weight : approximately 39.2 kg

e) Packing Form are shown in Fig. 2

[Note] Pallet transportation is required in mass transportation like Sea, Air, Track, Train or others.

10. Reliability test item

No.	Test item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=60 °C 48h (State of packing)
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta=-25 °C 48h (State of packing)
3	High temperature and high humidity operation test	Ta=40 °C ; 95%RH 48h (Conditions : Assembled in to the SHARP Unit(PN-V601)/ No condensation)
4	High temperature operation test	Ta=40 °C 240h (Conditions :Assembled in to the SHARP Unit(PN-V601)/ No condensation)
5	Low temperature operation test	Ta=0 °C (Conditions : Assembled in to the SHARP Unit(PN-V601)/ No condensation/Operation test after five hours power-off)
6	Vibration test (non-operation)	Frequency : 10~50Hz/Acceleration: (9.8 m/s ²) Sweep time : 3 minutes Test period : 1.5 hours (1 hour for direction of Z, 15min for each direction of X, Y,) Ta=25±2 °C (State of packing)
7	Shock test (non-operation)	Fall 40cm in height One angle/Two ridges/One aspect of the bottom Ta=25±2 °C (State of packing)
8	ESD (operation)	At the following conditions, it is a thing without incorrect operation and destruction. (1)Contact electric discharge +/-4kV (2)Non-contact electric discharge +/-8kV Electric discharge point : bezel screws/operation panel Conditions : 150pF, 330ohm Ta=25±2 °C , Assembled in to the SHARP Unit(PN-V601)

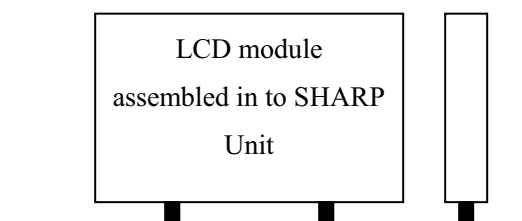
[Result evaluation criteria]

Under the display quality test condition with normal operation state, there shall be no change, which may affect practical display function.

△₃

[Note]

In display quality test, LCD module should be put with the surface perpendicular to a level surface like following fig.

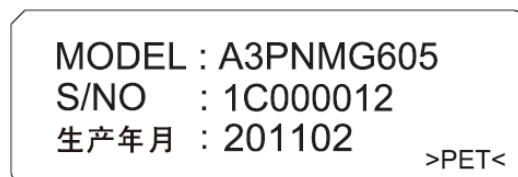


10. Others

3

1)-1 Module Label ;

Module Label is stuck on the back side of the module.



How to express Serial No.

1 C 0 0 0 0 1 2

A production year (the last 1 digit of the Christian Era)

Code of Production charge section

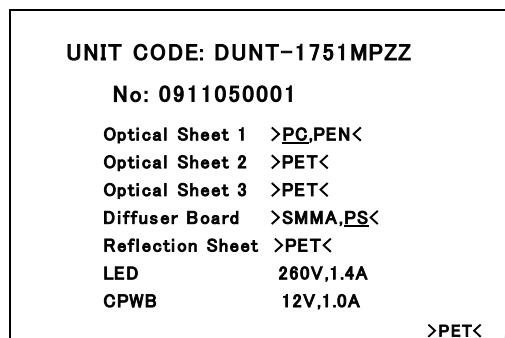
Serial No.

A production month

3

1)-2 Material Label ;

Material Label is stuck on the back side of the module.



2) Disassembling the module can cause permanent damage and should be strictly avoided.

3) Please be careful since image retention may occur when a fixed pattern is displayed for a long time.

4) Lead-free soldering is applied.

5) The chemical compound, which causes the destruction of ozone layer, is not being used.

6) Rust on the module is not taken up a problem.

7) Ventilation and cooling measurement should be taken to keep away from high temperature.

11. Carton storage condition

Temperature 0 °C to 40 °C

Humidity 95%RH or less

Reference condition : 20 °C to 35 °C, 85%RH or less (summer)

: 5 °C to 15 °C, 85%RH or less (winter)

Sunlight Be sure to keep the LCD module away from direct sunlight.

Atmosphere Harmful gas, such as acid and alkali which bites electronic components and/or wires must not be detected.

Notes Be sure to keep the LCD module in the carton on palette, don't put it on floor.
Please take care of ventilation in storehouse and around cartons, and control changing temperature is within limits of natural environment

Storage life 1 year

3 12. Packing form

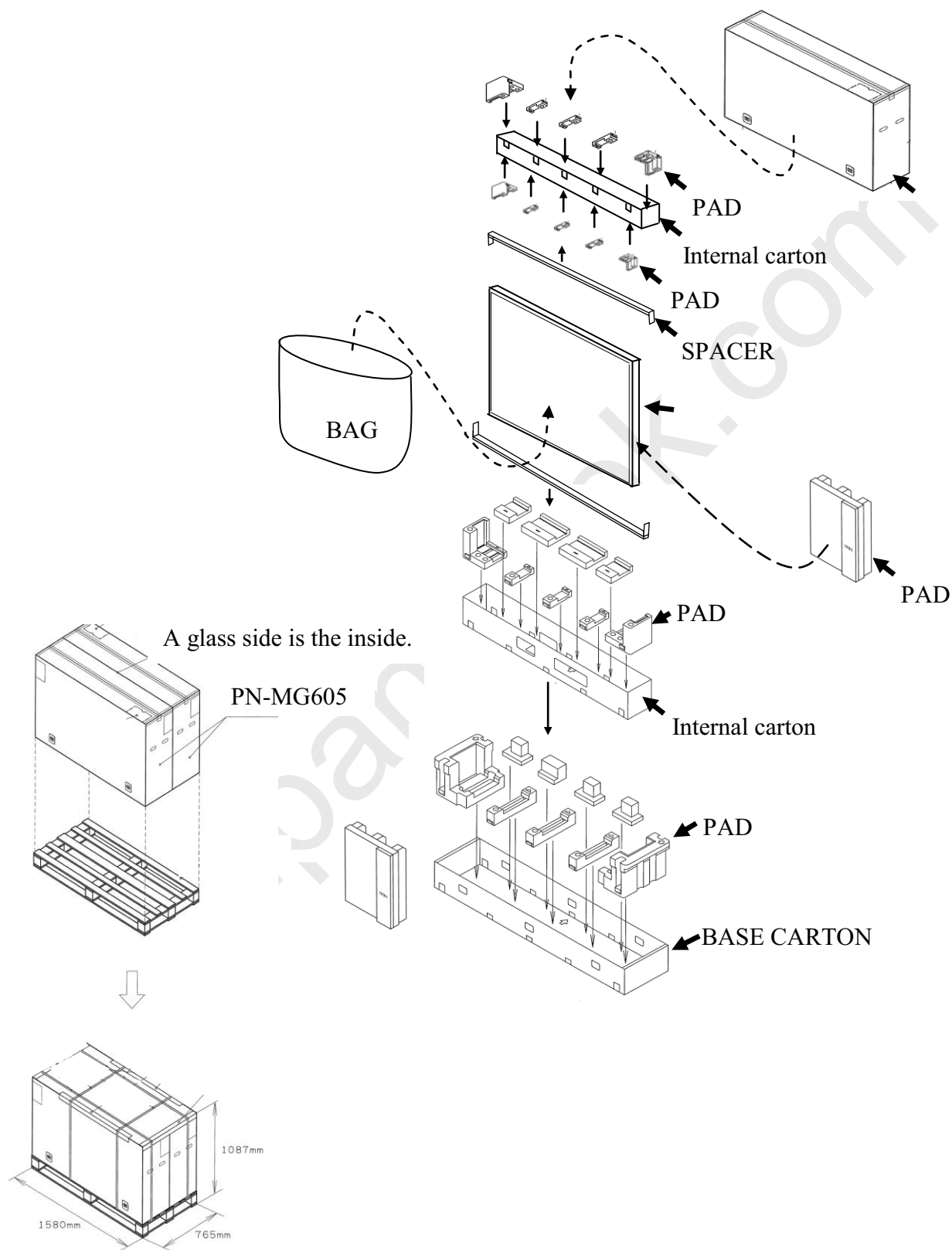


Fig.2 PACKING FORM

3 13. Outline dimensions

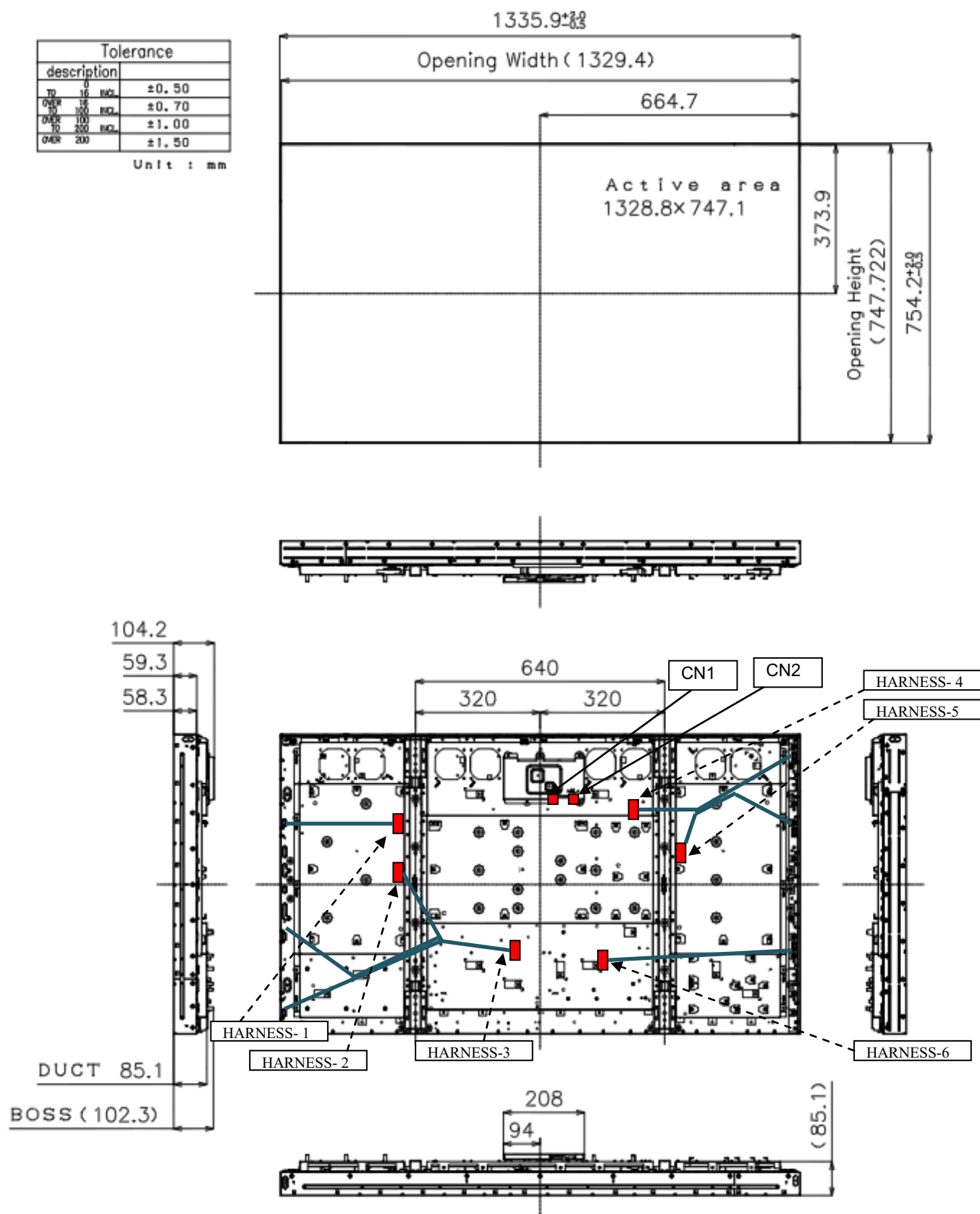


Fig.3 Outline dimensions

**14. Environmental Impact Substances Information****产品中有毒有害物质或元素的名称及含量**

部件名称	有毒有害物质或元素					
	铅 (Pb)	汞 (Hg)	镉 (Cd)	六价铬 (Cr(VI))	多溴联苯 (PBB)	多溴二苯醚 (PBDE)
液晶组件 (LCD module)	×	○	○	○	○	○
○：表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在SJ/T 11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求以下。 ×：表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出SJ/T 11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求。						